

Dynamic Christian Living

Written by Frank Hamrick with Champ Thornton

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PREFACE

What are the most important factors that characterize a new physical life? The first one has to be birth itself. You cannot have a new life without a new beginning to life that we call birth. Second, the little newborn begins to receive nourishment and as a result begins to grow. Third, the little one is constantly breathing—taking in air and letting it out. Fourth, as the child grows, he begins to try to communicate with those around him, first through motions and facial expressions and eventually through words. Finally, the child develops a certain pattern of behavior based on his personality and how he responds to the actions of others.

These same five stages—birth, growth, breath, communication, and behavior—can be applied to the Christian. All five are essential to Dynamic Christian Living.

- Birth was used by Christ as a metaphor for salvation when He talked to Nicodemus about being born again in John 3.
- First Peter 2:2 reminds us that the way we grow spiritually is by feeding on God's Word.
- Prayer for the Christian is like breathing as he constantly communes with God (1 Thess. 5:17).
- Before returning to heaven, Christ commanded us to communicate the good news of salvation in Christ to the whole world (Mark 16:15).
- Being a Christian should affect everything about the way we live our lives so that even when we are eating and drinking—and in whatever else we do—we are doing it to the glory of God (1 Cor. 10:31).

This study focuses on these five areas. We call them the basics of the Christian life because they are the primary things that need to be present in the life of every believer. Therefore, they are also the first areas on which young believers need to focus. There are many Bible facts that you could learn this year, and there are many doctrinal issues you could discuss. But sometimes it's best to just go back and make sure you understand the basics and have made them part of your life.

Scripture Memorization Report Sheet

Week	Scripture	Due Date	Parent's Signature
1	John 3:18		
2	Ephesians 2:8–9		
3	Acts 16:30-31		
4	Review		
5	2 Timothy 3:16–17		
6	2 Peter 1:21		
7	Hebrews 1:1–2		
8	Review		
9	Psalm 119:9, 11		
10	Psalm 1:2		
11	Psalm 19:9–10		
12	Review		
13	John 14:13		
14	1 John 1:9		
15	Matthew 6:6		
16	Review		
17	2 Chronicles 7:14		
18	Matthew 6:9–11		
19	Matthew 6:12–13		
20	Review		
21	Romans 3:10–12, 23		
22	Romans 5:8; 6:23		
23	Revelation 20:14–15		
24	John 3:16		
25	Romans 10:9		
26	1 Corinthians 15:3–4		
27	Review		
28	Psalm 16:11		
29	Isaiah 55:2		
30	2 Corinthians 3:18		
31	Galatians 2:20		
32	1 Timothy 4:7		
33	Hebrews 12:1–2		
34	Acts 2:42		
35	Review		

BIRTH

SALVATION

alvation is like birth. In fact, the Bible refers to salvation as the "new birth." When a man is saved, he is re-united with the source of spiritual life (John 10:10). He passes from a non-living state to life eternal (1 John 3:14). His new life in Christ gives him new desires for the things of God (Col. 3:1–2). This precious spiritual life begins to manifest itself in deeds of righteousness (1 John 3:7).

A new baby soon begins to desire all the things that other humans desire. His increasing activity attests to the fact that he is a living human being. So it is with the Christian. This "new birth" gives the believer new life, new desires, and new actions.

WHAT'S SALVATION ALL ABOUT? (PART 1)

TEACHER'S LESSON

• S	alvation literall	y means to _	, t	oliberate	, to
_	deliver	_ , to heal	_ or to	set free	
Wh	y Does Salva	tion Exist?			
• 0	God Cares abou	t Man's <u>Nee</u>	ed		
•	Captive	to Sin			
•	Dead and	Condem	ned		
•	Sick,	Blind, and	Weak		
• (God Cares abou	t His Glo	ry		
•	Christ	Came to Earth	t	o Reveal God's Glory	
•	Christ	Died on the	Cross	to Reveal God	's Glory
•	The Cross of C	hrist Reveals			
	• The <u>Powe</u>	er of God Th	at Surpasses	Greatness	
	• The <u>Love</u>	of God That	Surpasses	Knowledge	
	The Grac	e of God Th	at Surpasses	Riches	
	• THE <u> </u>				
Hov	v Is Salvation		7		

- A ______ for the Captives (Heb. 2:14–15)
- A _____ Substitute _____ for the Condemned (1 Pet. 2:24)

- A <u>Healer</u> for the Sick (Luke 4:18–19, 21)
- Man's Response
- What Are the Results of Salvation?
 - Freedom Instead of Bondage
 - Freedom from Sin's _______
 Penalty ______
 - Freedom from Sin's <u>Power</u>
 - Freedom from Sin's Presence
 - Power Instead of Weakness

WORD POWER

- *Repentance*—changing one's mind and actions
- Faith—complete reliance upon someone or something
- *Regeneration*—new and divine life given by God to those who believe upon the Lord Jesus Christ
- *Salvation*—deliverance from sin's penalty and power
- *Condemnation*—guilt and punishment for a crime committed
- Substitute—someone who stands in the place of another

STUDENT LESSON

To help us understand what salvation is all about, we will spend the first two student lessons studying seven major terms that are associated with salvation—three in this lesson and four in the next lesson.

Repentance

The word "repent" means to change one's mind, thought, purpose, and views regarding a matter. It has the idea of turning away from going in one direction so that you can begin moving in the opposite direction.

Read 1 Thessalonians 1:9 and answer the following questions.

- To whom did the Thessalonians turn? _____God ______
- From what did they turn? idols

• Why did they turn? to serve the living and true God

• Which came first—turning to or turning from? turning to

The order in which we find "turning to" and "turning from" is significant. Consider these three observations regarding the order in which we find the phrases "turning to" and "turning from" in this passage:

- A person may turn "from" sin without turning "to" the Lord. That is not repentance, but reformation. Many unsaved people do this in their lifetime.
- If a person turns "to" Christ, he will automatically turn "from" his sin.
- Thus, the emphasis in repentance is not so much on turning "from" sin as it is in turning "to" Christ. When a person is appropriately attracted to Christ, he will turn to Him in dazzled delight and will at the same time see his sin as odorous and repulsive! As the song writer said it,

"Turn your eyes upon Jesus, look full in His wonderful face, and the things of earth will grow strangely dim, in the light of His glory and grace."

Read the following passages that teach us truths about repentance and answer the questions.

- Acts 20:17–21: What was the message Paul testified both to the Jews and also to the Greeks? repentance towards God and faith in the Lord Jesus
 Christ
- 2 Peter 3:9: What is God's one desire for all men? that everyone should repent
- 2 Timothy 2:25: How does one gain repentance? God gives it
- Luke 13:1–5: What will happen to all those who do not repent? _______
 they will all perish
- Acts 17:30: What is God's command to all men everywhere? repent

• Romans 2:4: What can lead a man to repentance? the goodness of God

Faith

According to Acts 20:21, <u>faith</u> is a counterpart to repentance. Though one must repent, he cannot do so apart from faith. Faith may be defined as "acceptance and complete reliance upon." If one does not exercise faith in Christ as Savior, he will not repent. Read the following verses and record the results of exercising faith.

- Acts 26:18, Romans 6:22 ______ sanctification
- Romans 5:1 justification
- Galatians 3:26 becoming children of God
- 1 Peter 1:5 _salvation

Regeneration

Regeneration is God's giving us a new and divine life. Regeneration is given a special definition in John 3:3.

• What is it? _born again

How is regeneration described in the following verses?

- John 5:24 passed from death to life
- 2 Corinthians 5:17 the old life has passed, the new life has come

How are we "born again" or regenerated according to the following verses?

- John 1:12-13 not by man's will or strength, but by God's
- John 3:6–7 by the Holy Spirit
- James 1:18 by God's will through the Word of God
- 1 Peter 1:23 _of incorruptible seed—by the Word of God